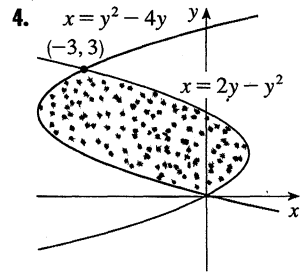
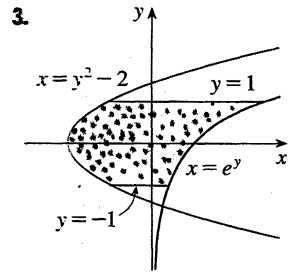
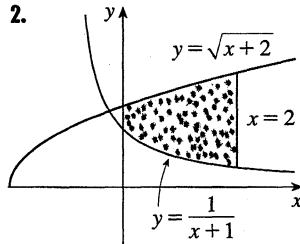
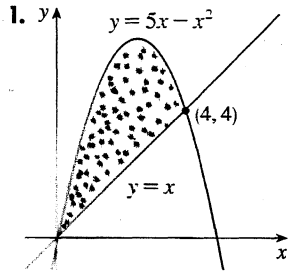


1-4 ■ Find the area of the shaded region.



5-16 ■ Sketch the region enclosed by the given curves. Decide whether to integrate with respect to x or y . Draw a typical approximating rectangle and label its height and width. Then find the area of the region.

5. $y = x + 1$, $y = 9 - x^2$, $x = -1$, $x = 2$

6. $y = \sin x$, $y = e^x$, $x = 0$, $x = \pi/2$

7. $y = x$, $y = x^2$

8. $y = 1 + \sqrt{x}$, $y = (3 + x)/3$

9. $y = 4x^2$, $y = x^2 + 3$

10. $y = x^4 - x^2$, $y = 1 - x^2$

11. $y^2 = x$, $x - 2y = 3$

12. $x + y^2 = 2$, $x + y = 0$

13. $x = 1 - y^2$, $x = y^2 - 1$

14. $y = \cos x$, $y = \sec^2 x$, $x = -\pi/4$, $x = \pi/4$

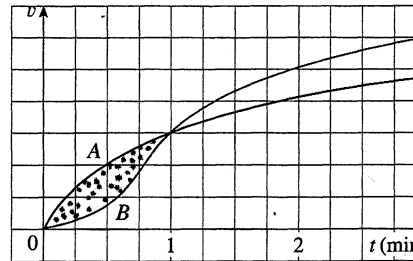
15. $y = x^2$, $y = 2/(x^2 + 1)$

16. $y = |x|$, $y = x^2 - 2$

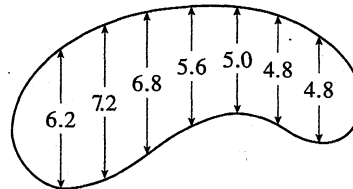
21. Racing cars driven by Chris and Kelly are side by side at the start of a race. The table shows the velocities of each car (in miles per hour) during the first ten seconds of the race. Use Simpson's Rule to estimate how much farther Kelly travels than Chris does during the first ten seconds.

| t | v_C | v_K | t | v_C | v_K |
|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 69 | 80 |
| 1 | 20 | 22 | 7 | 75 | 86 |
| 2 | 32 | 37 | 8 | 81 | 93 |
| 3 | 46 | 52 | 9 | 86 | 98 |
| 4 | 54 | 61 | 10 | 90 | 102 |
| 5 | 62 | 71 | | | |

22. Two cars, A and B, start side by side and accelerate from rest. The figure shows the graphs of their velocity functions.
 (a) Which car is ahead after one minute? Explain.
 (b) What is the meaning of the area of the shaded region?
 (c) Which car is ahead after two minutes? Explain.
 (d) Estimate the time at which the cars are again side by side.



23. The widths (in meters) of a kidney-shaped swimming pool were measured at 2-meter intervals as indicated in the figure. Use Simpson's Rule to estimate the area of the pool.



35. Find the values of c such that the area of the region bounded by the parabolas $y = x^2 - c^2$ and $y = c^2 - x^2$ is 576.
36. Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2$, the tangent line to this parabola at $(1, 1)$, and the x -axis.
37. Find the number b such that the line $y = b$ divides the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = 4$ into two regions with equal area.
38. (a) Find the number a such that the line $x = a$ bisects the area under the curve $y = 1/x^2$, $1 \leq x \leq 4$.
 (b) Find the number b such that the line $y = b$ bisects the area in part (a).
39. Find a positive continuous function f such that the area under the graph of f from 0 to t is $A(t) = t^3$ for all $t > 0$.
40. Suppose that $0 < c < \pi/2$. For what value of c is the area of the region enclosed by the curves $y = \cos x$, $y = \cos(x - c)$, and $x = 0$ equal to the area of the region enclosed by the curves $y = \cos(x - c)$, $x = \pi$, and $y = 0$?
41. For what values of m do the line $y = mx$ and the curve $y = x/(x^2 + 1)$ enclose a region? Find the area of the region.

STEWART

6.1