

34. Since the point  $(\frac{1}{2}, -1)$  is on the graph, we have  $-1 = \log_a(\frac{1}{2}) \Leftrightarrow a^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow a = 2$ .

Thus the function is  $y = \log_2 x$ .

36. Since the point  $(9, 2)$  is on the graph, we have  $2 = \log_a 9 \Leftrightarrow a^2 = 9 \Leftrightarrow a = 3$ . Thus the function is  $y = \log_3 x$ .