

$$29. \cot(-\alpha) \cos(-\alpha) + \sin(-\alpha) = -\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha = \frac{-\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{-1}{\sin \alpha} = -\csc \alpha$$

$$31. (1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x) = 1 - \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x$$

$$33. (1 - \cos \beta)(1 + \cos \beta) = 1 - \cos^2 \beta = \sin^2 \beta = \frac{1}{\csc^2 \beta}$$

$$35. \frac{(\sin x + \cos x)^2}{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x} = \frac{(\sin x + \cos x)^2}{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x}$$

$$= \frac{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)}{(\sin x - \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)} = \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{(\sin x - \cos x)^2}$$

$$37. \frac{\sec t - \cos t}{\sec t} = \frac{\frac{1}{\cos t} - \cos t}{\frac{1}{\cos t}} = \frac{\frac{1}{\cos t} - \cos t}{\frac{1}{\cos t}} \cdot \frac{\cos t}{\cos t} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 t}{1} = \sin^2 t$$

$$39. \frac{1}{1 - \sin^2 y} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 y} = \sec^2 y = 1 + \tan^2 y$$

$$41. (\cot x - \csc x)(\cos x + 1) = \cot x \cos x + \cot x - \csc x \cos x - \csc x$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{\cos^2 x - 1}{\sin x} = \frac{-\sin^2 x}{\sin x} = -\sin x$$

$$43. (1 - \cos^2 x)(1 + \cot^2 x) = \sin^2 x \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}\right) = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$45. 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 2(1 - \sin^2 x) - 1 = 2 - 2 \sin^2 x - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$$

$$47. \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$49. \frac{\sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} = \frac{\sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} \cdot \frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin x + 1} = \frac{\sin^2 x - 1}{(\sin x + 1)^2} = \frac{-\cos^2 x}{(\sin x + 1)^2}$$

$$51. \frac{(\sin t + \cos t)^2}{\sin t \cos t} = \frac{\sin^2 t + 2 \sin t \cos t + \cos^2 t}{\sin t \cos t} = \frac{\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t}{\sin t \cos t} + \frac{2 \sin t \cos t}{\sin t \cos t} = \frac{1}{\sin t \cos t} + 2$$

$$53. \frac{1 + \tan^2 u}{1 - \tan^2 u} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}}{1 - \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}}{1 - \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}} \cdot \frac{\cos^2 u}{\cos^2 u} = \frac{\cos^2 u + \sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u - \sin^2 u} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 u - \sin^2 u}$$

$$55. \frac{\sec x}{\sec x - \tan x} = \frac{\sec x}{\sec x - \tan x} \cdot \frac{\sec x + \tan x}{\sec x + \tan x} = \frac{\sec x(\sec x + \tan x)}{\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x} = \frac{\sec x(\sec x + \tan x)}{1}$$

$$= \sec x(\sec x + \tan x)$$

$$57. \sec v - \tan v = (\sec v - \tan v) \cdot \frac{\sec v + \tan v}{\sec v + \tan v} = \frac{\sec^2 v - \tan^2 v}{\sec v + \tan v} = \frac{1}{\sec v + \tan v}$$